#### **Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik**

#### Zulassungsstelle für Bauprodukte und Bauarten

#### **Bautechnisches Prüfamt**

Eine vom Bund und den Ländern gemeinsam getragene Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

Kolonnenstraße 30 B D-10829 Berlin Tel.: +493078730-0 Fax: +493078730-320 E-Mail: dibt@dibt.de www.dibt.de





Mitglied der EOTA Member of EOTA

## **European Technical Approval ETA-11/0352**

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung

Trade name

Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Generic type and use of construction product

Geltungsdauer:

Validity: from bis

to

vom

Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant Powers PURE150-PRO Verbundmörtel mit Ankerstange in Beton Powers PURE 150-PRO injection resin in concrete

Powers Fasteners Europe B.V.

Westrak 208

1771 SV WIERINGERWERF

**NIEDERLANDE** 

Verbunddübel in den Größen Ø 10 mm bis Ø 25 mm für Diamantbohren zur Verankerung im ungerissenen Beton

Bonded anchor in the size of Ø 10 mm to Ø 25 mm for diamond coring for use in uncracked concrete

7 October 2011

7 October 2016

Powers Fasteners Europe BV Factory 2, Germany

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains

26 Seiten einschließlich 17 Anhänge 26 pages including 17 annexes



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



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#### I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
  - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1</sup>, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC<sup>2</sup> and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>3</sup>;
  - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998<sup>4</sup>, as amended by law of 31 October 2006<sup>5</sup>;
  - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>6</sup>;
  - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

<sup>5</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2006, p. 2407, 2416

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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#### II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

#### 1 Definition of product/ products and intended use

#### 1.1 Definition of the construction product

The "Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar Powers PURE150-PRO and a steel element. The steel elements are commercial threaded rods acc. to Annex 3 in the range of M 10 to M 24, reinforcing bar acc. to Annex 4 in the range of Ø 10 to Ø 25 or threaded sleeves with internal thread according to annex 5 size M 8 to M 16.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

#### 1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval. The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor set in diamond cored drill holes may be used in non-cracked concrete only.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete or in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I: -40 °C to +40 °C (max long term temperature +24 °C and

max short term temperature +40 °C)

Temperature range II: -40 °C to +60 °C (max long term temperature +43 °C and

max short term temperature +60 °C)

Temperature range III: -40 °C to +72 °C (max long term temperature +43 °C and

max short term temperature +72 °C)

## Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of zinc plated or hot dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

#### Elements made of stainless steel:

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401 or 1.4571 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



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#### Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

#### Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

#### 2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in Annexes 1 to 5. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in Annexes 1 to 5 shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>7</sup> of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in Annexes 9 to 17.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in side-by side-cartridges of sizes 385 ml, 585 ml or 1400 ml according to Annex 2. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "Powers PURE150-PRO", with processing notes, charge code, storage life, hazard code and curing- and processing time depending on temperature.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 4.

Internal threaded sleeves shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 5.

The marking of embedment depth for threaded rods and rebar may be done on jobsite.

#### 2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 7.

The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



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In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

#### 3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

#### 3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission<sup>8</sup> system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
  - (1) factory production control;
  - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
  - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
  - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
  - continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

#### 3.2 Responsibilities

#### 3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

### 3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan. <sup>9</sup>

Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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#### 3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

## 3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

#### 3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the holder of the approval (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 7),
- size.

# 4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

#### 4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced.



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Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

#### 4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 only. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the rebars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

#### 4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
  - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 3,
  - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
  - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 4,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,

The Techncial Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" is published in English on EOTA website <a href="www.eota.eu">www.eota.eu</a>.



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- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by diamond coring only,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 6 and 7,
- during installation and curing of the chemical mortar the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least 5 °C; the temperature; observing the curing time according to Annex 7, Table 7 until the anchor may be loaded,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes of diameter d<sub>0</sub> > 20 mm piston plugs according to Annex 8 shall be used for overhead or horizontal injection,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 6 must not be exceeded.

#### 5 Recommendations concerning packaging, transport and storage

#### 5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2 and 4.3 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval.

In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.



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## 5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

Cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Cartridges may be packed separately from metal parts.

Georg Feistel Head of Department beglaubigt: Baderschneider

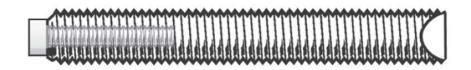
## Threaded rod M10, M12, M16, M20 and M24 with washer and nut

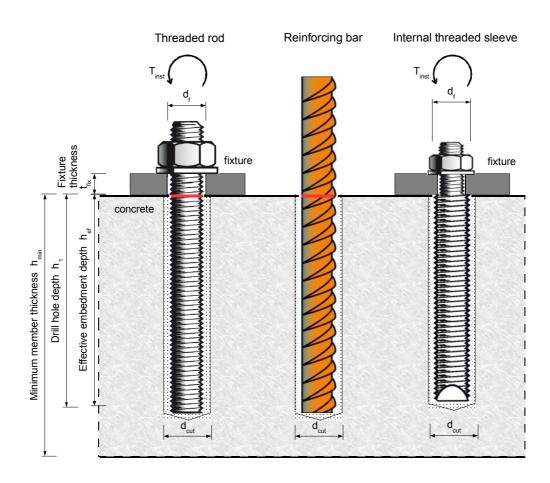


Reinforcing bar  $\varnothing$  10,  $\varnothing$  12,  $\varnothing$  14,  $\varnothing$  16 and  $\varnothing$  20,  $\varnothing$  25 acc. to Annex 4



Internal threaded sleeve M8, M10, M12 and M16

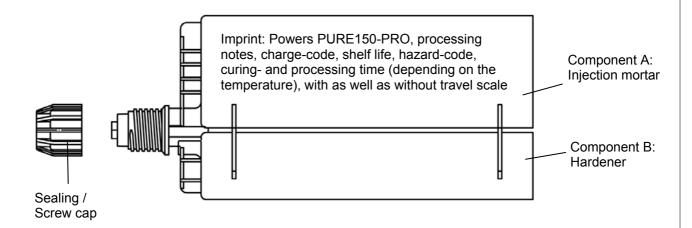




Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 1
Product (Steel) and Installation	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

## Cartridge: Powers PURE150-PRO

### 385 ml, 585 ml and 1400 ml injection mortar cartridge (Type: "side-by-side")



#### Static mixing nozzle:



Use category: - Diamond-drilling

- Application in uncracked concrete only

- Installation in dry, wet concrete or flooded boreholes (all until h<sub>ef</sub>= 20·d)

- Overhead installation

Temperature range: - 40°C to +40°C (max. short term temperature +40°C and

max. long term temperature +24°C)

- 40°C to +60°C (max. short term temperature +60°C and

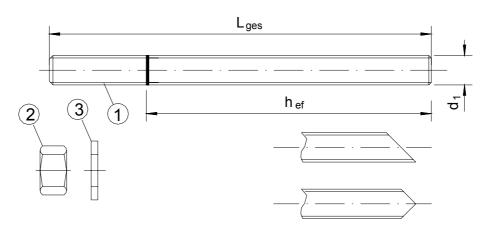
max. long term temperature +43°C)

- 40°C to +72°C (max. short term temperature +72°C and

max. long term temperature +43°C)

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 2
Product (Injection mortar) and Intended use	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

Materials (Threaded rod) Table 1:



Part	Designation	Material				
Steel	, zinc plated ≥ 5 μm acc. to EN ISO 40	42 or Steel, hot-dip galvanised ≥ 40 μm acc. to EN ISO 1461				
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 5.8, 8.8, EN ISO 898-1:1999				
2	2 Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032 Property class 5 (for class 5.8 rod) EN 20898-2, Property class 8 (for class 8.8 rod) EN 20898-2					
3	Washer, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Steel, zinc plated				
Stain	less steel					
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4401 / 1.4571, EN 10088-1:2005, Property class 70 EN ISO 3506				
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Material 1.4401 / 1.4571 EN 10088, Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506				
3	Washer, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4401 or 1.4571, EN 10088				
High	corrosion resistance steel					
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088-1:2005, Property class 70 EN ISO 3506				
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565 EN 10088, Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506				
3	Washer, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088				

## Commercial standard rod with:

- Materials, dimensions and mechanical properties (Table 1a)
  Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. to EN 10204:2004
  Marking of embedment depth

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 3
Materials (Threaded rod)	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

Table 2: Materials (Reinforcing bar)



## Abstract of EN 1992-1-1 Annex C, Table C.1, Properties of reinforcement:

Product form	Bars and de-coiled rods			
Class		В С		
Characteristic yield strength f <sub>yk</sub> or f <sub>0,2k</sub> [N/mm²]		400 to 600		
Minimum value of $k = (f_t)$	Minimum value of $k = (f_t / f_y)_k$		≥ 1,15 < 1,35	
Characteristic strain at n $\epsilon_{uk}$ [%]	naximum force	≥ 5,0 ≥ 7,5		
Bendability		Bend/Rebend test		
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) [%]	Nominal bar size [mm] ≤ 8 > 8	± 6,0 ± 4,5		

## Abstract of EN 1992-1-1 Annex C, Table C.2N, Properties of reinforcement:

Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods	
Class		В	С
Min. value of related	nominal diameter of the rebar [mm]		
rib area f <sub>R,min</sub>	8 to 12 > 12		040 056

Rib height of the bar shall be in the range  $0.05d \le h \le 0.07d$  (d: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rib height of the bar)

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2.1

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 4
Materials (Reinforcing bar)	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

## Table 3: Materials (Internal threaded sleeve)



-						
Part	Designation	Material				
Steel	Steel, zinc plated ≥ 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 4042					
1	Internal threaded sleeve	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 5.8, EN ISO 898-1:1999				
Stainless steel						
1	1 Internal threaded sleeve Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571, EN 10088-1:2005, Property class 70 EN ISO 3506					
High	corrosion resistance steel					
1	Internal threaded sleeve	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088-1:2005, Property class 70 EN ISO 3506				

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 5
Materials (Internal threaded sleeves)	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

Table 4: Installation parameters for threaded rod

Anchor size		M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	12	14	18	24	28	
Embedment depth and bore	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	60	70	80	90	96	
hole depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	200	240	320	400	480	
Diameter of clearance Whole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub> [mm] ≤	12	14	18	22	26	
Diameter of steel brush	d <sub>b</sub> [mm] ≥	14	16	20	26	30	
Torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm]	20	40	80	120	160	
Thickness of fixture	t <sub>fix,min</sub> [mm] >		0				
THICKHESS OF HATUIE	t <sub>fix,max</sub> [mm] <	1500					
Minimum thickness of member	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]		30 mm 0 mm	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1			
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	50	60	80	100	120	
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	50	60	80	100	120	

Table 5: Installation parameters for reinforcing bar

Rebar size		Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	14	16	18	20	24	32
Embedment depth and	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	60	70	75	80	90	100
bore hole depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	200	240	280	320	400	500
Diameter of steel brush	d <sub>b</sub> [mm] ≥	16	18	20	22	26	34
Minimum thickness of member	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	h <sub>ef</sub> + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm	h <sub>ef</sub> + 2d <sub>0</sub>				
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	50	60	70	80	100	125
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	50	60	70	80	100	125

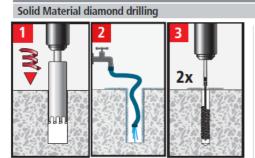
 Table 6:
 Installation parameters for internal threaded sleeves

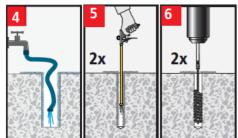
Internal thread size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16
External diameter size	d [mm]	12	16	20	24
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm]	14	18	24	28
Embedment depth and bore hole depth	h <sub>ef</sub> [mm]	80	90	110	150
Diameter of clearance Whole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub> [mm]	9	12	14	18
Diameter of steel brush	d <sub>b</sub> [mm]	16	20	26	30
Torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm]	10	20	40	80
Minimum thickness of member	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	110	130	160	210
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	60	80	100	120
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	60	80	100	120

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 6
Installation parameters	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

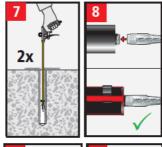
#### **Installation Instructions**

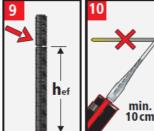
Installation



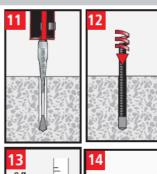


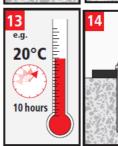
- Drill a hole to the size and embedment required.
- 2 Rinse the drill hole until clear water comes out of the drill
- Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wirebrush a minimum of two times. Start at the rear of the drill hole. If the rear of the drill hole cannot be reached by brush an extension must be used.
- Please repeat step 2.
- 5 Starting from the rear of the hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air a minimum of two times. If the rear of the drill hole cannot be reached an extension must be used.
- 6 Brush the hole again with an appropriate sized wirebrush a minimum of two times. If the rear of the drill hole cannot be reached by brush an extension must be used.





- Please repeat step 5.
- Attach a supplied static mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool. For every working interruption longer than the recommended gel time (as seen on table setting time) as well as for new cartridges, a new static mixer must be used.
- Prior to inserting the threaded rod into the filled hole, the position of the embedment depth must be marked on the anchor rods or rebar. Insert marked rebar/rod into unfilled hole to check if embedment is reached.
- Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out a minimum of 10cm until the mortar shows a consistent colour.





- 11 Fill the cleaned hole approximately two-thirds with adhesive starting from the rear of the hole. For all diameters use a piston plug and extension nozzle. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedments larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle must be used. Observe gelworking times.
- Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. The rod or rebar should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
- Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load or torque.

  Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured.
- After full curing, the fixture can be installed.
  Make sure the max. torque is not exceeded.
  Ensure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole (in case the threaded rod is not marked) and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed.

Table 7: Minimum curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling-working time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete
≥ 5 °C	120 min	50 h	100 h
≥ + 10 °C	90 min	30 h	60 h
≥ + 20 °C	30 min	10 h	20 h
≥ + 30 °C	20 min	6 h	12 h
≥ +40 °C	12 min	4 h	8 h

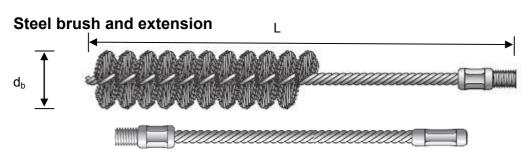
Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete

Assembly instructions – Diamond Drilling and minimum curing times

Annex 7

of European technical approval

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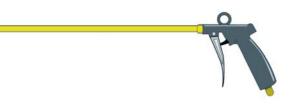
Parameter cleaning and setting tools Table 8:

Threaded	Internal	Rebar	Drill bit		liameters	Total length	Piston plug
rod	threaded sleeve		$\emptyset$ d <sub>0</sub>	nominal d <sub>b</sub>	minimum d <sub>b,min</sub>	L	denom. (∅)
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
M10		8	12	14	12,5	170	-
M12	M8	10	14	16	14,5	200	-
		12	16	18	16,5	200	-
M16	M10	14	18	20	18,5	300	-
		16	20	22	20,5	300	-
M20	M12	20	24	26	24,5	300	#24 (22)
M24	M16		28	30	28,5	300	#28 (27)
		25	32	34	32,5	300	#28 (29)

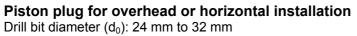


Hand pump (volume 750 ml)
Drill bit diameter (d<sub>0</sub>): 12 mm to 20 mm





Rec. compressed air tool (min 6 bar) Drill bit diameter (d<sub>0</sub>): 12 mm to 32 mm



Cleaning and setting tools	Annex 8 of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

Design method A: Table 9: Characteristic values for tension loads in uncracked concrete

Anchor size threaded re	od			M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24
Steel failure								
Characteristic tension res Steel, property class 5.8	sistance,	N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	29	42	78	122	176
Characteristic tension res Steel, property class 8.8	sistance,	N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	46	67	125	196	282
Partial safety factor		γ <sub>Ms,N</sub> 1)				1,50		
Characteristic tension res Stainless steel A4 and H		N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	41	59	110	171	247
Partial safety factor		γ <sub>Ms,N</sub> 1)				1,87		
Combined pullout and	concrete cone failure							
Characteristic bond resis	tance in uncracked cor	crete C20	0/25					
Temperature range I <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	11,0	10,0	10,0	9,5	9,0
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	13,0	12,0	11,0	11,0	10,0
Temperature range II <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0	5,5
60°C/43°C	flooded bore hole	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	8,0	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5
Temperature range III <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	6,0	6,0	5,5	5,0	5,0
72°C/43°C	flooded bore hole	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0
Partial safety factor (dry	and wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mo}$	1)	1,5 <sup>2)</sup> 1,8 <sup>3)</sup>				
Partial safety factor (flood	ded bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mo}$	1)	2,1 <sup>4)</sup>				
		C30/37				1,04		
Increasing factor ψ <sub>c</sub> for coresistance τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	haracteristic bond	C40/50		1,08				
· ruguer		C50/60		1,10				
Splitting failure								
Ob a read a sight of the sight			2h <sub>ef</sub>			1,0h <sub>ef</sub>		
Characteristic edge dista	nce c <sub>cr,sp</sub> [mm]	2,0h <sub>ef</sub> >h>1,3h <sub>ef</sub> h≤1,3h <sub>ef</sub>			ţ	$\frac{5h_{ef}-2h}{2,4h_{ef}}$	1	
Characteristic spacing		S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]			2°C <sub>cr,sp</sub>		
Partial safety factor (dry a	and wet concrete)	γ <sub>Msp</sub> 1)		1,5 <sup>2)</sup>				
Partial safety factor (floor		γMsp <sup>1)</sup>		2,1 <sup>4</sup> )				
	,	Titlop				-, •		

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 9
Application with threaded rod Design method A:	of European technical approval
Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete	ETA-11/0352

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  In absence of other national regulations  $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,0 is included.  $^{3)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,2 is included.  $^{4)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,4 is included.  $^{5)}$  Explanations see chapter 1.2

Table 10: Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loads in uncracked concrete

Anchor size threaded rod			M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24
Steel failure without lever arm							
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	V <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	15	21	39	61	88
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	V <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	23	34	63	98	141
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1,25		
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR	V <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	20	30	55	86	124
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1,56		
Steel failure with lever arm	Steel failure with lever arm						
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	37	65	166	324	560
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	60	105	266	519	896
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1,25		
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	52	92	232	454	784
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1,56		
Concrete pryout failure							
Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors		2,0					
Partial safety factor $\gamma_{\text{Mcp}}^{(1)}$			1,50 <sup>2)</sup>				
Concrete edge failure							
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report	TR 029 for	the desi	gn of Boı	nded An	chors		
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Mc</sub> 1)				1,50 <sup>2)</sup>		

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete Annex 10 of European Application with threaded rod technical approval Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loads in uncracked concrete ETA-11/0352

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  In absence of other national regulations  $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,0 is included.

Table 11: Displacements for tension loads 1)

Anchor size threaded rod			M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	
Temperature range 40°C/24°C for uncracked concrete C20/25								
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,013	0,015	0,020	0,024	0,029	
Displacement	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,052	0,061	0,079	0,096	0,114	
Temperature range 72°C/43°C and 60°C/43°C for uncracked concrete C20/25								
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,015	0,018	0,023	0,028	0,033	
Displacement	$\delta_{N_{\infty}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,060	0,070	0,091	0,111	0,131	

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load =  $\delta_{\text{N0}} \cdot \tau_{\text{Sd}}$  / 1,4; Displacement for long term load =  $\delta_{\text{N}\infty} \cdot \tau_{\text{Sd}}$  / 1,4; ( $\tau_{\text{Sd}}$ : design bond strength)

Table 12: Displacements for shear loads 2)

Anchor size			M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24
Displacement	δνο	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V_{\infty}}$	[mm/kN]	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load =  $\delta_{N0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$ ; Displacement for long term load =  $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$ ; ( $V_d$ : design shear load)

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 11
Application with threaded rod Displacements	of European technical approval

ETA-11/0352

Table 13: Design method A: Characteristic values for tension loads in uncracked concrete

Anchor size reinforcing bar				Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25
Steel failure (Properties acc. to Annex 4)									
Characteristic tension res B500 acc. to DIN 488-2:2	sistance for 2009-08 <sup>6)</sup>	N <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	43	62	85	111	173	270
Partial safety factor		γ <sub>Ms,N</sub> 1)				1,4	40		
Combined pullout and	concrete cone failu								
Characteristic bond resis	tance in uncracked o	oncrete	C20/25						
Temperature range I <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	11,0	10,0	10,0	10,0	9,5	9,0
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	13,0	12,0	12,0	11,0	11,0	10,0
Temperature range II <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	7,0	6,5	6,5	6,0	6,0	5,5
60°C/43°C	flooded bore hole	τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm²]	8,0	7,5	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5
Temperature range III <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	6,0	6,0	5,5	5,5	5,0	5,0
72°C/43°C	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,5	6,0	6,0
Partial safety factor (dry a	and wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma$	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc}^{1}$ 1,5 <sup>2)</sup> 1,8 <sup>3)</sup>						
Partial safety factor (flood	ded bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma$	1) Mc		2,14)				
Impression factor for al	a a va ata viati a la a a d	C30/37	C30/37 1,04		04				
Increasing factor ψ <sub>c</sub> for cl resistance τ <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	naracteristic bond	C40/50	)	1,08					
·		C50/60	)	1,10					
Splitting failure									
Characteristic edge distance c <sub>cr,sp</sub> [mm]			≥2h <sub>ef</sub>	1,0h <sub>ef</sub>					
		2,0h <sub>ef</sub> >h>1,3h <sub>ef</sub> h≤1,3h <sub>ef</sub>		5h <sub>ef</sub> – 2h 2,4h <sub>ef</sub>					
Characteristic spacing		S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]			2∘c	<u> </u>		
Partial safety factor (dry a	and wet concrete)	γ <sub>Msp</sub> 1)		1,5 <sup>2)</sup>					
Partial safety factor (flood	ded bore hole)	γMsp <sup>1)</sup>				2,	1 <sup>4)</sup>		

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2.1

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 12
Application with reinforcing bar	of European technical approval
Design method A: Characteristic values for tension loads in uncracked concrete	
	ETA-11/0352

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations
<sup>2)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1,0$  is included.

<sup>3)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1,2$  is included.

<sup>4)</sup> The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2 = 1,4$  is included.

<sup>5)</sup> Explanations see chapter 1.2

<sup>6)</sup> For reinforcing bars, which do not comply with DIN 488: The characteristic resistance N<sub>Rk,s</sub> shall be determined as a to Technical Perpert TR 029. Equation (5.1) determined acc. to Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.1).

Table 14: **Design method A:** Characteristic values for shear loads in uncracked concrete

Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25
Steel failure without lever arm (Properties acc. Annex 4)								
Characteristic shear resistance for B500 acc. to DIN 488-2:2009-08 3)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	22	31	42	55	86	135
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1	,5		
Steel failure with lever arm (Prope	rties ac	c. Ann	ex 4)					
Characteristic bending moment for B500 acc. to DIN 488-2:2009-08 4)	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	65	112	178	265	518	1012
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)		1,5					
Concrete pry out failure								
Factor k in Equation (5.7) of Technic TR 029 for the design of Bonded And		rt	2,0					
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Mcp</sub> 1)		1,50 <sup>2)</sup>					
Concrete edge failure								
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors								
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Mc</sub> 1)		1,50 <sup>2)</sup>					

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2.1

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete
Application with reinforcing bar Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and uncracked concrete

Annex 13

of European technical approval

ETA-11/0352

The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,0 is included.

The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,0 is included.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> For reinforcing bars which do not comply with DIN 488: The characteristic resistance M<sup>0</sup><sub>Rk,s</sub> shall be determined acc. to Technical Report TR 029, Equation (5.6b).

Table 15: Displacements for tension loads 1)

Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	
Temperature range 40°C/24°C for uncracked concrete C20/25									
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{N0}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,013	0,015	0,018	0,020	0,024	0,030	
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,052	0,061	0,070	0,079	0,096	0,118	
Temperature	Temperature range 72°C/43°C and 60°C/43°C for uncracked concrete C20/25								
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{N0}}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,015	0,018	0,020	0,023	0,028	0,034	
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,060	0,070	0,081	0,091	0,111	0,136	

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load =  $\delta_{\text{N0}} \cdot \tau_{\text{Sd}}$  / 1,4; Displacement for long term load =  $\delta_{\text{N}\infty} \cdot \tau_{\text{Sd}}$  / 1,4; ( $\tau_{\text{Sd}}$ : design bond strength)

Table 16: Displacements for shear loads 2)

BST 500 S		Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	
Displacement	$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/kN]	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,08	0,07	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load =  $\delta_{N0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$ ; Displacement for long term load =  $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$ ; (V<sub>d</sub>: design shear load)

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete

Application with reinforcing bar

Displacements

Annex 14

of European technical approval

ETA-11/0352

Table 17: **Design method A:** 

## Characteristic values for tension loads for uncracked concrete

Charact	teristic values for t	ension ic	ads for u	ncrack	ea conc	rete		
Anchor size internal	threaded sleeve			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	
External diameter				12	16	20	24	
Embedment depth		h <sub>ef</sub>	[mm]	80	90	110	150	
Steel failure								
Characteristic tension re Steel, property class 5.8		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	78	
Characteristic tension re Steel, property class 8.8		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	125	
Partial safety factor		γ <sub>Ms,N</sub> 1)			1,5	50		
Characteristic tension re Stainless steel A4 and F		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	
Partial safety factor		γ <sub>Ms,N</sub> 1)			1,8	37		
Combined pullout ar	nd concrete cone failui	·e						
Characteristic bond re	esistance in uncracked c	oncrete C2	0/25					
Temperature range I <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	10,0	10,0	9,5	9,0	
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	12,0	11,0	11,0	10,0	
Temperature range II <sup>5)</sup> :	dry and wet concrete	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	6,5	6,0	6,0	5,5	
60°C/43°C	flooded bore hole	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	
Temperature range	dry and wet concrete	$ au_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm²]	6,0	5,5	5,0	5,0	
III <sup>5</sup> : 72°C/43°C	flooded bore hole	τ <sub>Rk,cr</sub>	[N/mm²]	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0	
Partial safety factor (dry	and wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{N}$	1) lc	1,8 <sup>3)</sup>				
Partial safety factor (floo	oded bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{N}$	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc}^{1}$ 2,1			1 <sup>4)</sup>		
Ingrapaing factor for	pharastaristic band	C30/37	7	1,04				
Increasing factor $\psi_c$ for characteristic bond resistance $\tau_{Rk,ucr}$			C40/50		1,08			
		C50/60	)		1,	10		
Splitting failure			01		4.0	.1		
Characteristic edge d	istance c <sub>cr sp</sub> [mm]		ı≥2h <sub>ef</sub> ∡>h>1 3h.,	1,0h <sub>ef</sub> 5h <sub>ef</sub> – 2h				
			2,0h <sub>ef</sub> >h>1,3h <sub>ef</sub> h≤1,3h <sub>ef</sub>		2,4h <sub>ef</sub>			
Characteristic spacing	9	S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]	2∘c <sub>cr,sp</sub>				
Partial safety factor (c		γ <sub>Msp</sub> 1)		1,8 <sup>3)</sup>				
Partial safety factor (f	looded bore hole)	γ <sub>Msp</sub> 1)			2,1	1 <sup>4)</sup>		

Powers PURE150-PRO Injection resin with anchor rod for concrete	Annex 15
Application with internal threaded sleeve Design method A: Characteristic values for tension loads	of European technical approval
	ETA-11/0352

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  In absence of other national regulations  $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,0 is included.  $^{3)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,2 is included.  $^{4)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1,4 is included.  $^{5)}$  Explanations see chapter 1.2

Table 18: Design method A: Characteristic values for shear loads in uncracked concrete

Anchor size internal threaded slee	M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16			
External diameter	d	[mm]	12	16	20	24	
Embedment depth	h <sub>ef</sub>	[mm]	80	90	110	150	
Steel failure without lever arm							
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1,25		
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)		1,56				
Steel failure with lever arm							
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)			1,25			
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Ms,V</sub> 1)				1,56		
Concrete pryout failure							
Factor k in Equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors			2,0				
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Mcp</sub> 1)		1,50				
Concrete edge failure							
See chapter 5.2.3.4 of Technical Rep	oort TR 02	9 for the	e design of	Bonded An	chors		
Partial safety factor	γ <sub>Mc</sub> 1)				1,50		

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations

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Table 19: Displacements for tension loads 1)

Anchor size internal threaded sleeve		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	
Temperature range I 40°C/24°C						
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,015	0,020	0,024	0,029
Displacement	$\delta_{N^{\infty}}$	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,061	0,079	0,096	0,114
Temperature range II 72°C/43°C and 60°C/43°C						
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{N0}}$	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,018	0,023	0,028	0,033
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/ (N/mm²)]	0,070	0,091	0,111	0,131

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load =  $\delta_{\text{N0}} \cdot \tau_{\text{Sd}} /$  1,4; Displacement for long term load =  $\delta_{\text{N}\infty} \cdot \tau_{\text{Sd}} /$  1,4;  $(\tau_{\text{Sd}} : \text{design bond strength})$ 

Table 20: Displacements for shear loads 2)

Anchor size internal threaded sleeve				M 10	M 12	M 16
Displacement	$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/ kN]	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03
Displacement	$\delta_{V^{\infty}}$	[mm/ kN]	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load =  $\delta_{N0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$ ; Displacement for long term load =  $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$ ; ( $V_d$ : design shear load)

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